Assignment 6: Raster Data Summarization

(60 Points Total, 6 Points Each)

Data available under Resources>UK Data.

The following raster layers have been provided for the entire extent of the United Kingdom. Both grids have been resampled to a 100 m cell size to reduce processing time.

uk_lc.tif: land cover grid derived from the CORINE 2018 land cover product (https://land.copernicus.eu/pan-european/corine-land-cover/clc2018)

uk_dem100m.tif: digital elevation model with units in meters (https://www.eea.europa.eu/data-and-maps/data/copernicus-land-monitoring-service-eudem)

The provided uk_data.gpkg GeoPackage contains the United Kingdom district boundaries (from the United Kingdom Data Service) and point locations of major cities (from Natural Earth).

district_bound: all districts in the United Kingdom

places: major cities

Using raster summarization techniques to answer the following questions. The **district** name is provided in the "name" field, and the **city** name is provided in the "NAME" field.

Questions

- 1. Which city has the highest reported elevation? Birmingham
- 2. Which city has the lowest elevation? Kingston Upon Hull
- 3. What is the mean elevation of all the cities? 46.9 meters
- 4. Which district has the highest mean elevation? Blaenau Gwent
- 5. Which district has the lowest mean elevation? Fenland
- 6. What is the range of mean elevations for all the districts? 377.5 meters
- 7. Which district has the largest percentage of its area classified as peat bogs land cover (Code 36)? Eilean Siar
- 8. Which district has the largest percentage of its area classified as moors and heathland land cover (Code 27)? Angus
- 9. Which district has the largest percentage of its land area classified as continuous urban fabric or discontinuous urban fabric land cover (Codes 1 and 2)? Islington
- 10. What is the average/mean percentage continuous urban fabric or discontinuous urban fabric (Codes 1 and 2) for all the districts? 22.6%

Deliverables

Answers to the 10 questions.